

Climate, COVID, and Cages Environmental Racism Under Lockdown

Becca Farnum, 2012 Scholar Environmental Justice and Peacebuilding

Nico Montano, 2013 Scholar Abolition and Incarceration Reform

Bianca Mulaney, 2016 Scholar *Healthcare and Economics*

Shama Ams, 2014 Scholar *Conflict and Governance*

Summary: Black, Indigenous, and People of Colour have experienced lockdown in very different ways than their white counterparts. Underlying environmental disparities have made BIPOC individuals more susceptible to COVID-19, while they are also overrepresented in 'essential' jobs and thus more exposed. BIPOC communities are also grossly overrepresented in literal lockdown via immigration policies and mass incarceration; while for those in quarantine, unequal access to green spaces is a major factor in mental and physical wellbeing.

The events of 2020 have granted racism in the United States and the United Kingdom more attention than usual, but the full problem remains unaddressed. Far more than a horrific moment caused by police violence, "I can't breathe" is the basic norm for many in a world shaped by environmental racism.

principles for discussion

1. we all come as learners, not experts

2. we all are both oppressor and oppressed

. we all must practice and practise allyship

environmental racism

nature and environmental resources are yet another arena through which systemic racism is carried out

environmental racism

"racial discrimination in environmental policy making, the enforcement of regulations and laws, the deliberate targeting of communities of color for toxic waste facilities, the official sanctioning of the life-threatening presence of poisons and pollutants in our communities, and the history of excluding people of color from leadership of the ecology movements"

Chavis (1982)



environmental justice

- > distribution
- > recognition
- > participation

after Schlosberg (2007)

DISTRIBUTION

who:

receives benefits bears costs faces risks



carbon emissions



A flight from New York to London produces around <u>986</u> <u>kilograms of carbon dioxide</u> – that's more than the average sub-Saharan African's *annual* greenhouse gas emissions.



access to green spaces

1%

Just <u>1% of visitors to Yosemite National Park are Black</u>, even though Black people make up 14% of the US population.

BIPOC individuals are far less likely to have a private garden or easy access to public green space in both the <u>US</u> and <u>UK</u>, while <u>park closures</u> have been more severe in BIPOC-majority areas.

proximity to environmental harms

66%

People of color in the US are exposed to <u>66% more air pollution</u>.

Race remains the <u>biggest indicator</u> of whether a person lives near contaminated air, water, or soil in the United States.

RECOGNITION

is acknowledged is taken into account do we care about

confronting inequalities

EPA

Two years ago, Googling "environmental racism" would immediately take you to the US EPA's definition and advocacy around racial disparities in access and risk. Today, the phrase has been all but eradicated from the website, while the Agency's environmental justice efforts have been massively <u>scaled back</u>.



generations



Humanity uses <u>1.75 Earths</u> in a year – it takes the planet around 21 months to regenerate the resources we consume in just 12.



non-human animals

0.01%

Humans make up <u>only 0.01% of living beings</u> on the planet.

PARTICIPATION

who:

has a say decides implements & enforces

environmental professionals



People of color make up around 36% of the US population, but account for just <u>14% of</u> <u>environmental organization staff</u>.

In the UK, only. <u>3.1% of environmental</u> <u>professionals identify as non-white minorities</u>, though they account for 19.9% of the workforce.









The world's leading <u>international law on public</u> <u>participation in environmental decision-making</u> has 47 signatories...the US isn't one of them.



budgets reflect values

5.7

Trump's proposed 31% cut would have made the EPA's annual budget \$5.7 million – the same total granted to the New York Police Department.

2021 projections have improved somewhat, but the <u>EPA</u> gets just 0.1% of the federal budget, while the <u>NYPD</u> accounts for 5-6% of the city's expenditure.

45%



300%

>45% of inmates serving life sentences under the Three Strikes law are Black. That's three hundred percent overrepresentation.

Prisoners are 550% more likely to contract COVID-19 and 300% more likely to die from it.

D.O.C.